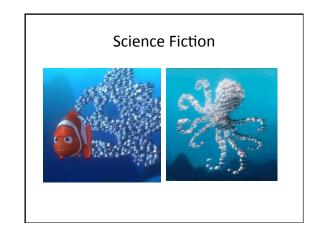
# Self-Reconfigurable "Cellular" Robots

CS289, 2017



## Science Fiction



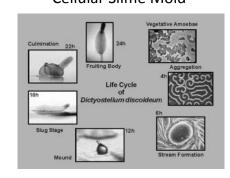
## Science Fiction

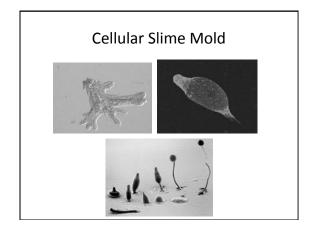


## Reality

Stranger than Fiction?

### Cellular Slime Mold







Reality

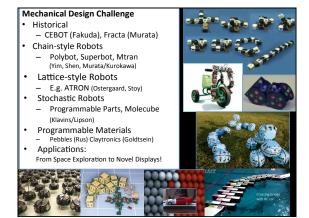
to Robots....

### Challenges

What is a necessary & sufficient individual "module" to create interesting "collective" robots.

- Mechanical Design Challenge
  - · Movement, attachment, power
- Programming Challenge
  - Global-to-local, scalable, robust

Both are closely linked.....



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### Challenges

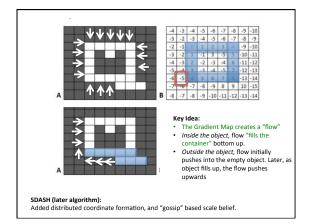
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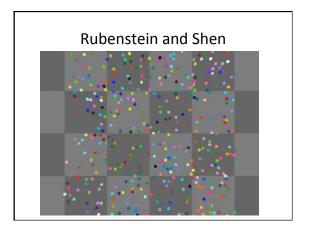
- Mechanical Design Challenge
  - Mo Programming Challenge => Many Approaches
- Centralized Planning:
   Glo
   Centralized Planning:
   1. Centralized Planning:
   2. Find minimum number of steps to transform shape A to B.
   2. But, mostly NP hard and fragile
   2. Decentralized:
   3. Callular Automata (Rus et al)

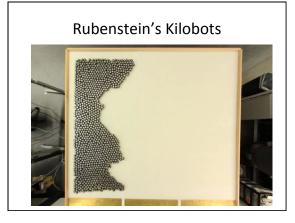
- 1. Cellular Automata (Rus et al)
  1. Bio-inspired (e.g. morphogen gradients, Shen et al)
  2. Chemistry Inspired ("tiles" that stick to each other, Klavins et al)

#### Discussions

The goal of the DASH algorithm is "programmable self-assembly with self-repair" - What are the key elements of the DASH algorithm?







#### Discussions

- What are the differences between:
  - DASH vs Yamin's (Theory->Simulation)
  - DASH vs Kilobots (Abstract->Physical)
  - DASH vs Biology ("French Flag" approach)